

# BioFuels for the Future

4<sup>th</sup> Annual S.C. RCC Workshop

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# Why Should I Care?

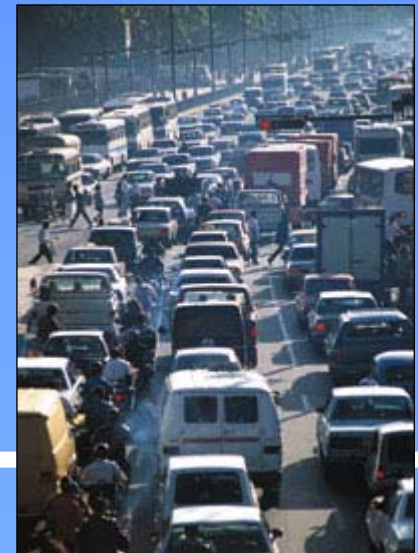
## South Carolina Statistics:

- ✓ 20th in nation in motor fuel use.
- ✓ In 2005 spent \$6.4 billion on motor fuel.
- ✓ 1,020 gallons of motor fuel consumed per registered vehicle in SC, compared to the US average at 753 gallons per registered vehicle.
- ✓ 790 gallons of motor fuel consumed per capita.

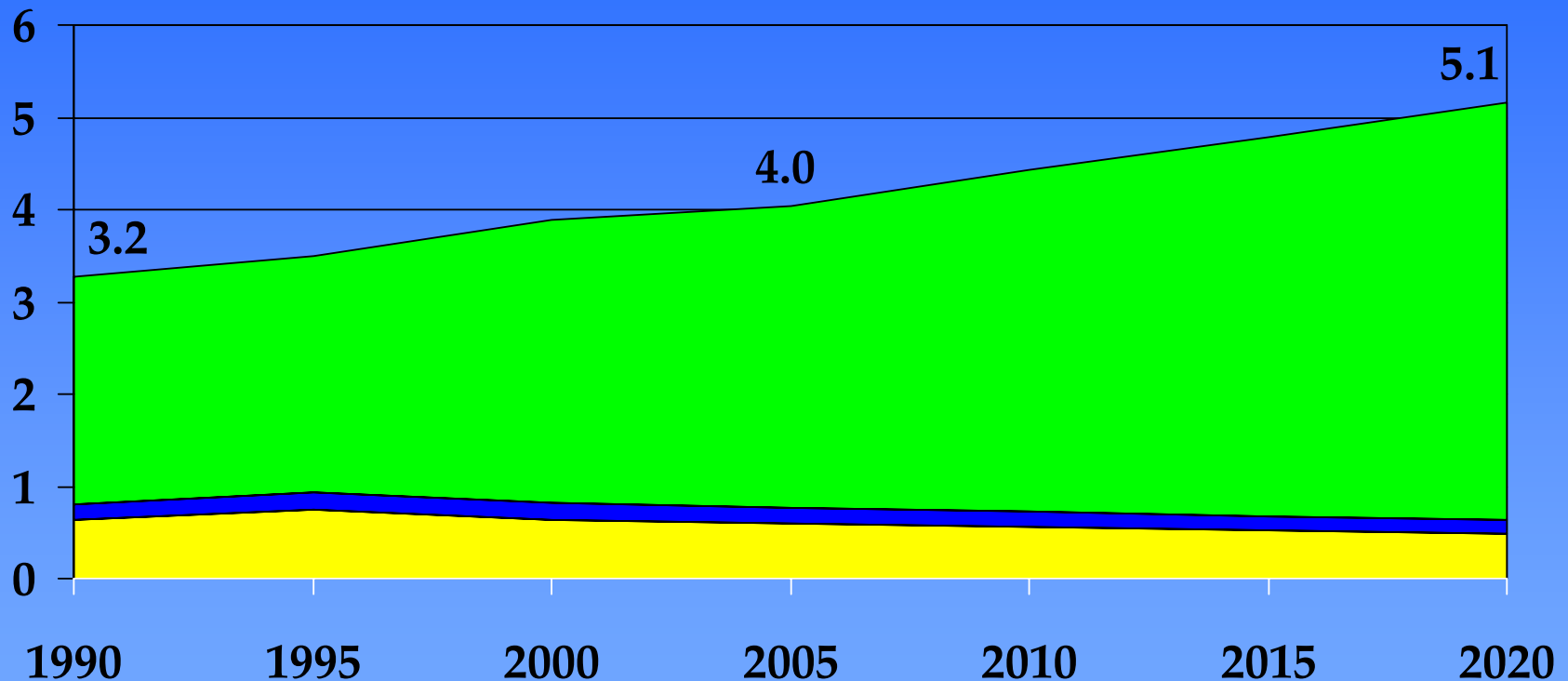


# “America is Addicted to Oil”

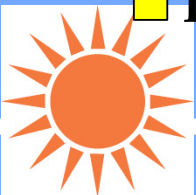
- U.S. transportation is 97% dependent on petroleum
- Gasoline prices on average are \$0.71/gallon higher than 1 year ago—national average retail price of gasoline is \$2.87
- Diesel prices on average are \$0.60/gallon higher than 1 year ago—national average retail price of diesel is \$2.92
- EPA attributes increases in asthma, premature deaths, lost days of work, etc. to air pollution from vehicles.



# SC Oil Consumption by Sector

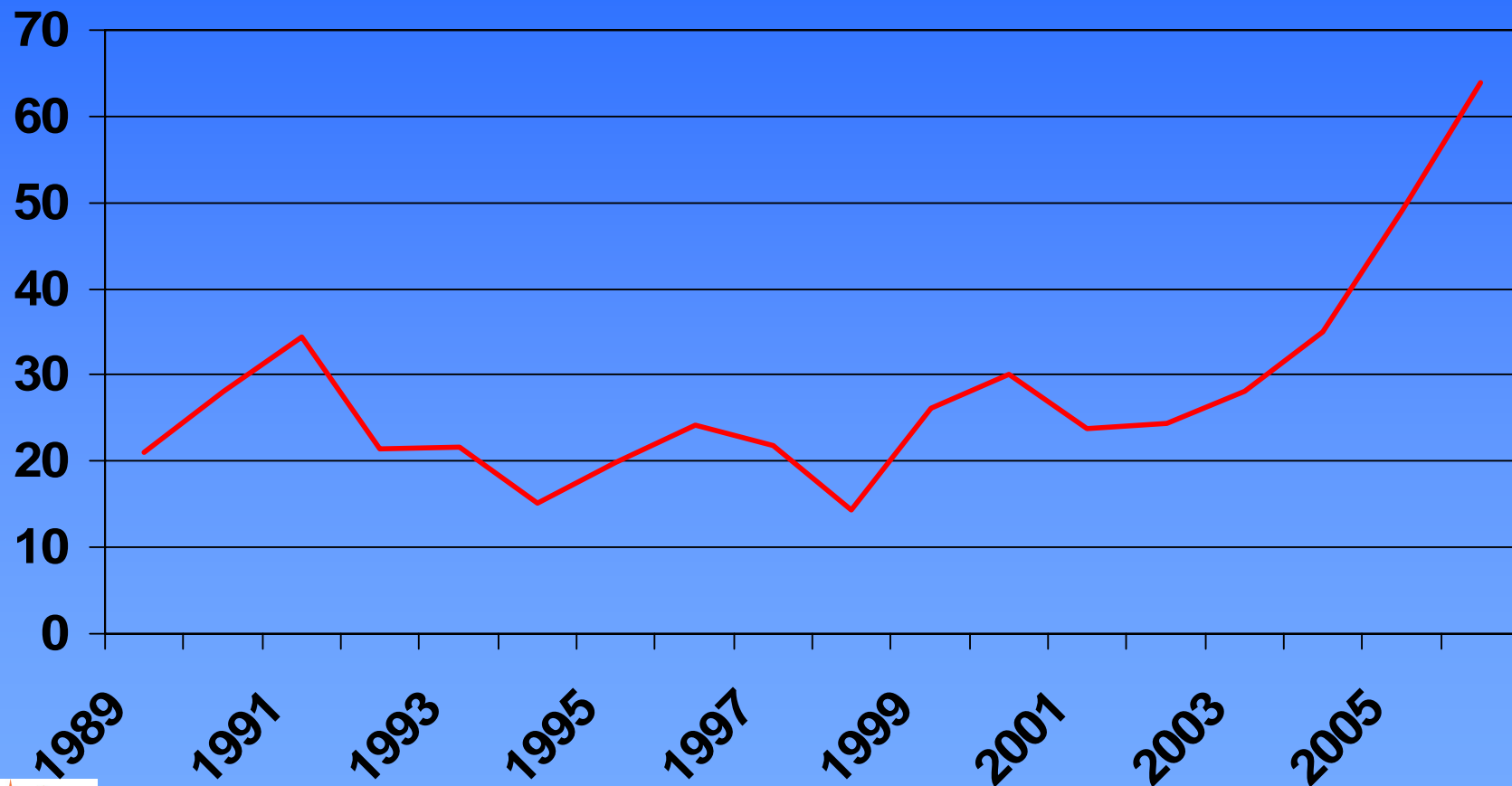


 Industrial     Residential/Commercial/Power     Transportation



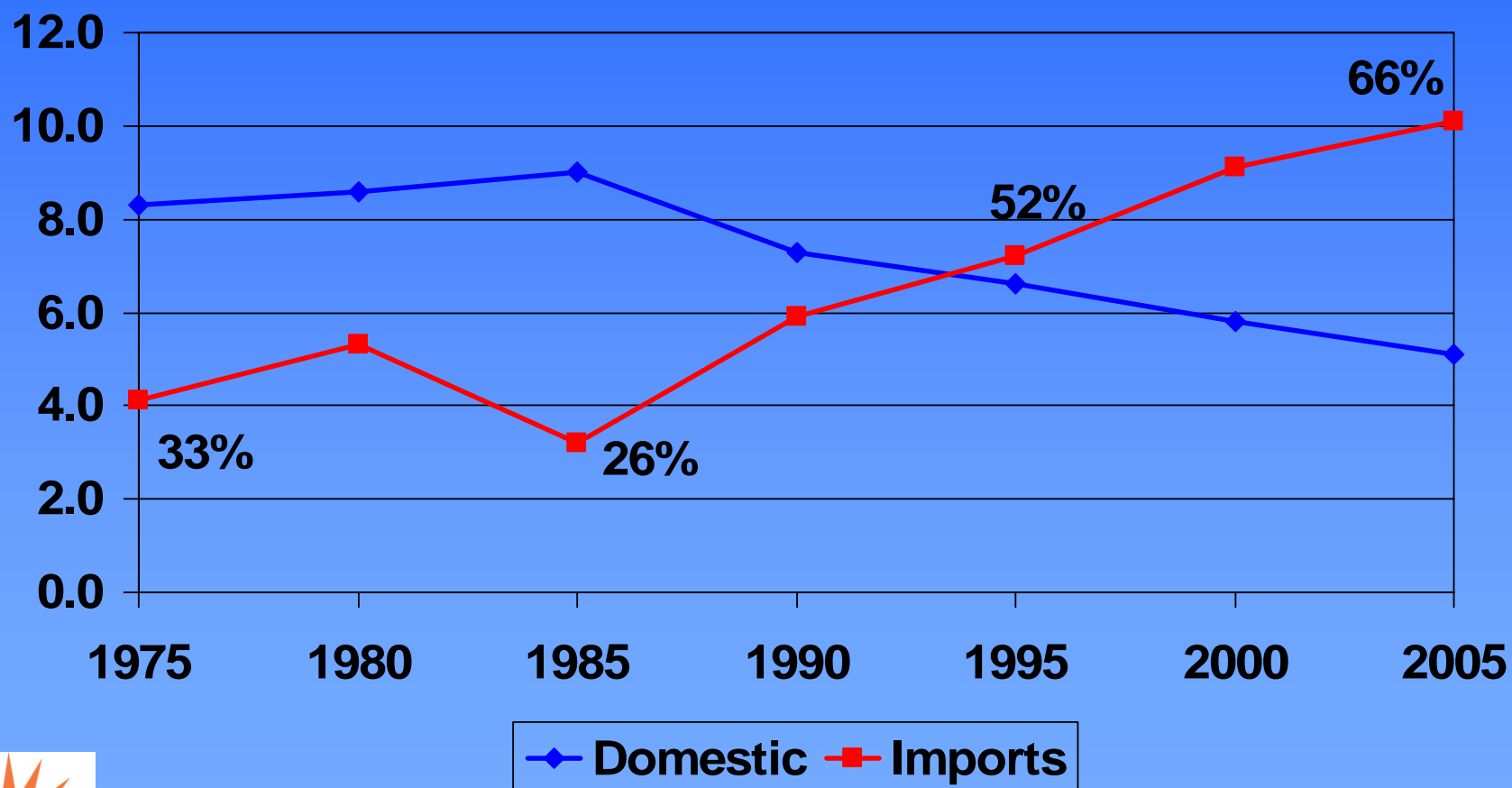
1990-2020 – Trillions of Gallons

# U.S. Oil Price Increases



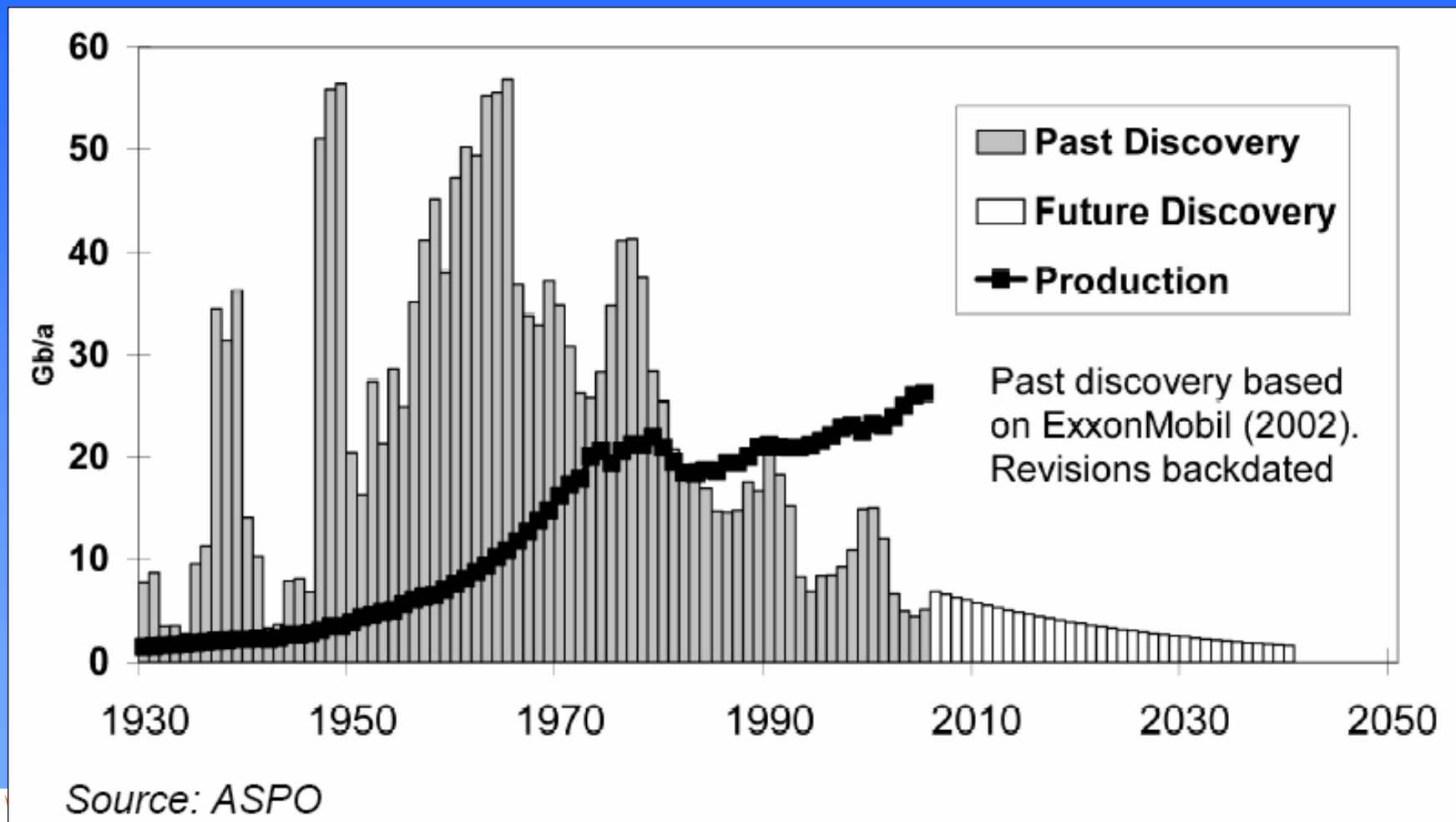
2005 Price – Dollars/Barrel

# U.S. Oil Consumption



1975-2005 – Million barrels/day

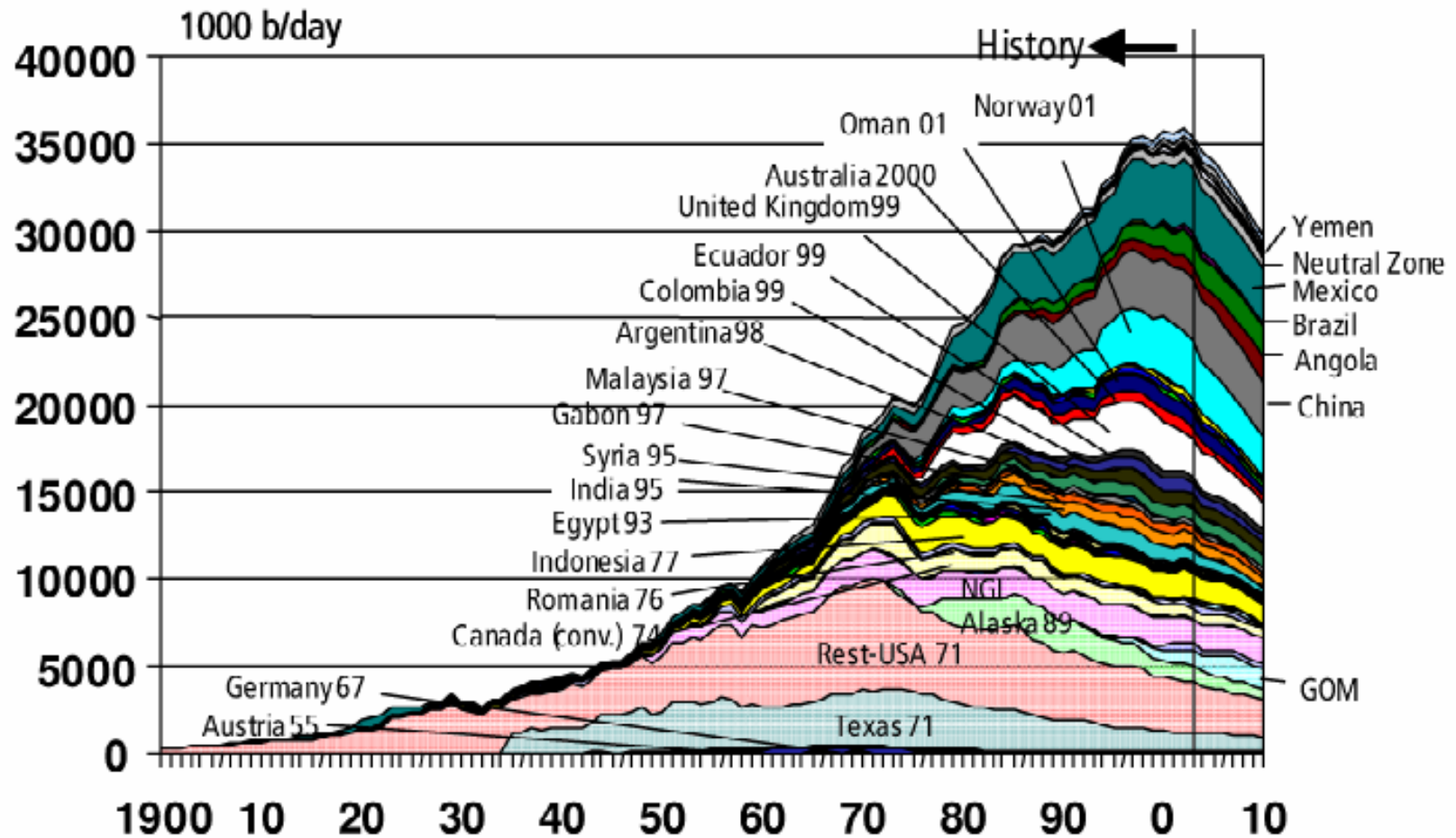
# Future Oil Supply Availability



Today we use 5 barrels of oil for every 1 we discover.

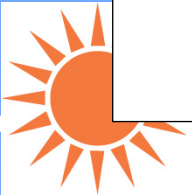


# Non-OPEC Oil Production



Source: Industry database, 2003 (IHS 2003)  
OGJ, 9 Feb 2004 (Jan-Nov 2003)

Zittel and Schindler, 2004





# Top Known Oil Reserves

Saudi Arabia – 261.9

Iran – 125.8

Iraq – 115.0

Kuwait – 101.5

United Arab Emirates 97.8

Venezuela – 77.2

Russia 60.0

Libya 39.0

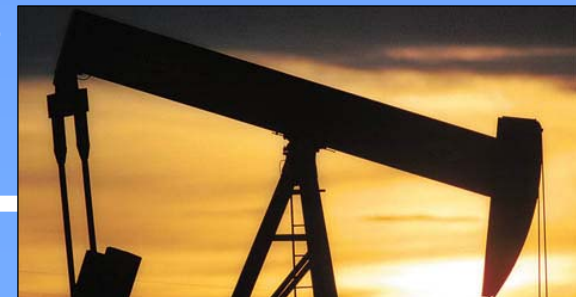
Nigeria 35.3



Billions of Barrels

# Peak Oil Scenario

- Oil and natural gas will always be available
- But several things will make them much more expensive after the peak of production
  - Gap between supply and demand
  - Increasing cost of extraction
  - Decreasing quality of product (requires more processing with decreased net yield)
- Rising costs of oil and natural gas will increase the price of practically everything



# Peak Oil Scenario

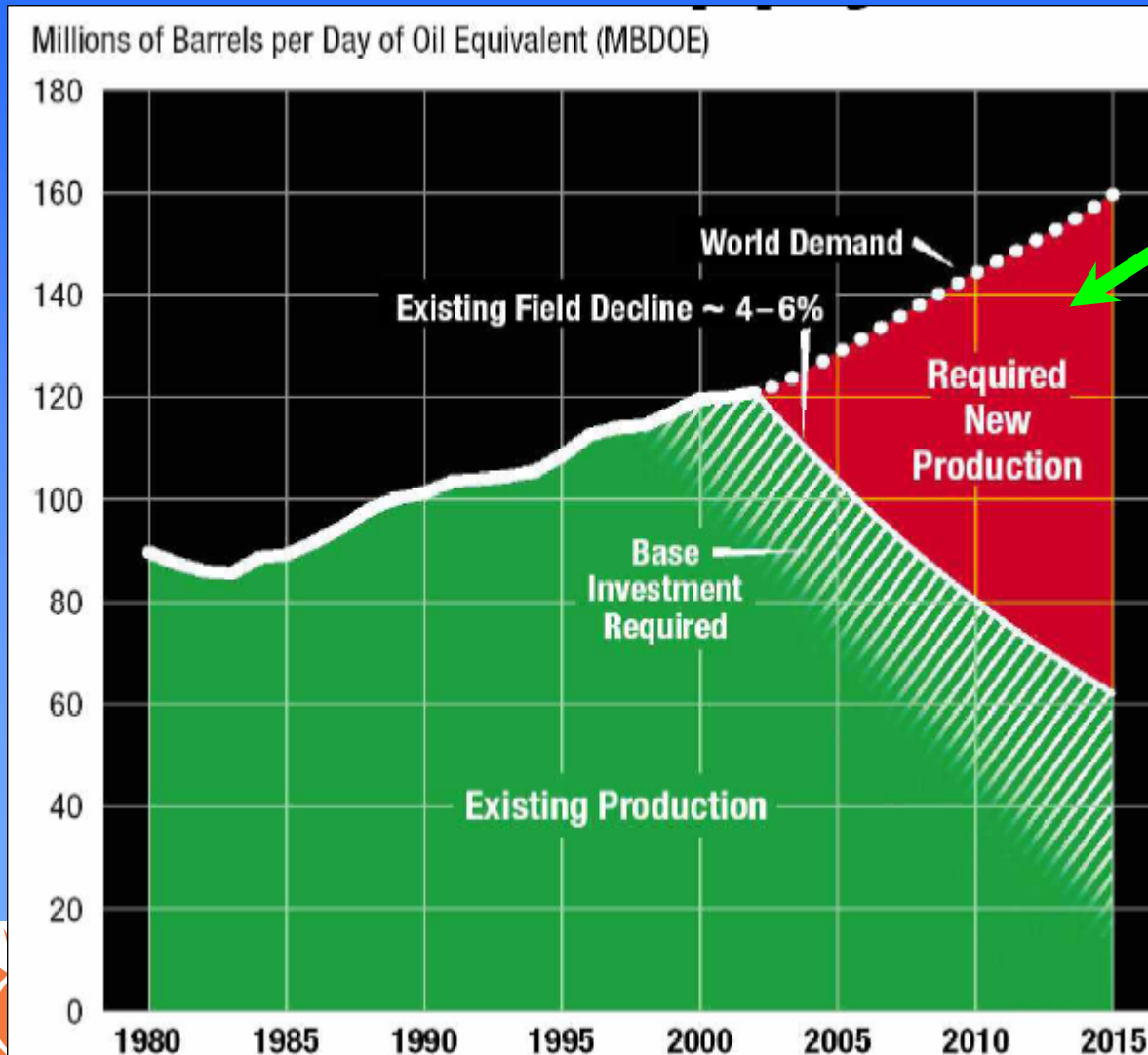
- As production slows down, oil and natural gas will become increasingly more expensive
- Fuel and electricity prices will rise
- The cost of transportation will rise
- The price of everything made out of oil and natural gas will rise
  - Plastics
  - Chemicals
  - Agro-chemicals (fertilizer, herbicides, insecticides)
  - Food



Anything that takes fossil fuel energy to manufacture



# Role of BioFuels



Graph: ExxonMobil

Ethanol & Biodiesel could play a significant role in 'New Production'

# What are BioFuels?

- ✓ Transportation fuels
- ✓ Made from a renewable feedstock
- ✓ Can be used in all Diesel and Flex-Fuel vehicles
- ✓ Ethanol (E85)
- ✓ Biodiesel (B20)



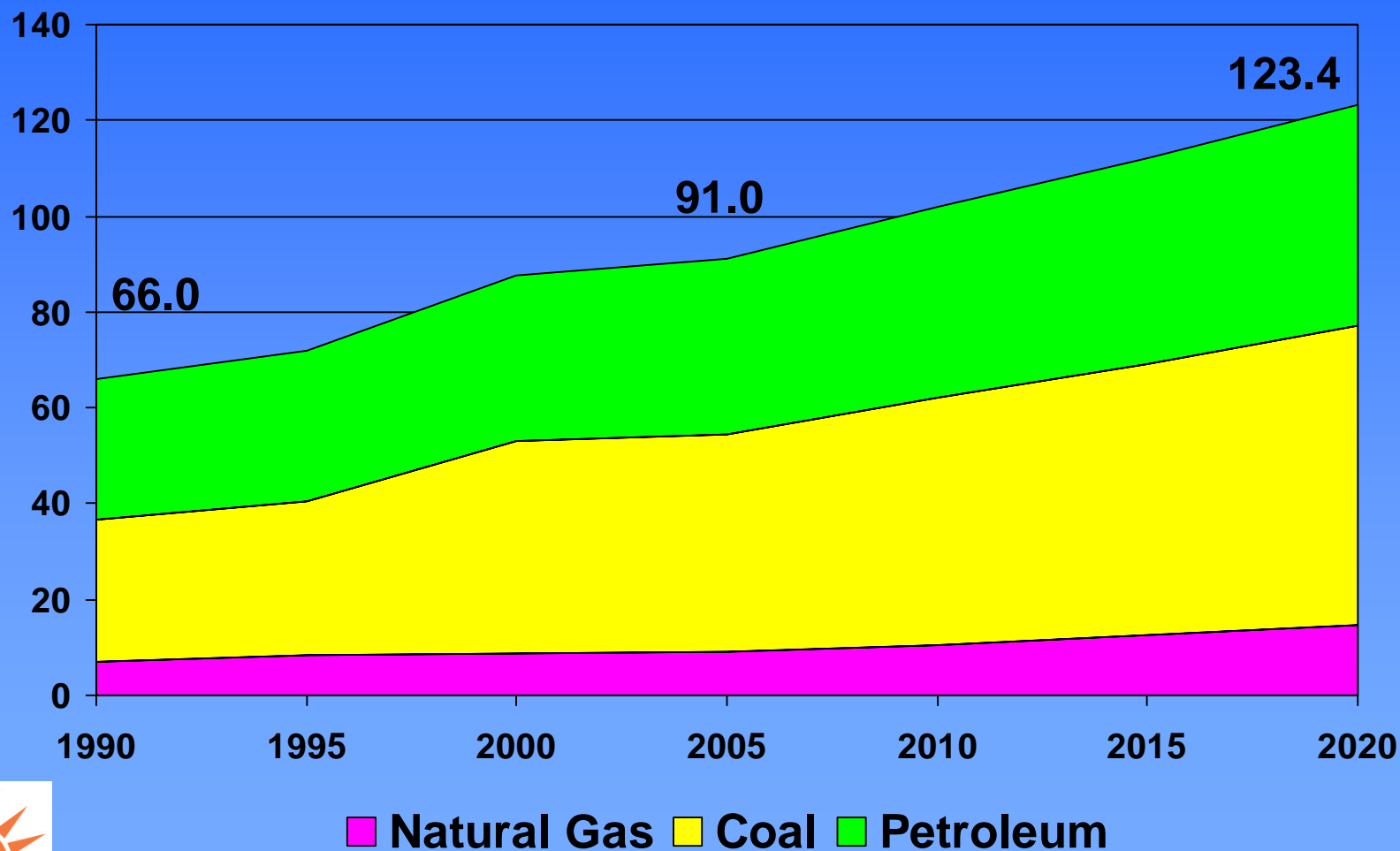


# Why are BioFuels Important?

- ✓ Reduce emissions
- ✓ Decrease dependence on foreign oil
- ✓ Reduce energy costs
- ✓ Help SC economy and farmers



# South Carolina Emissions



Carbon Dioxide Emissions – Million Metric Tons



# BioFuels Reduce Air Emissions

- Ethanol
  - reduces *net* production of carbon dioxide
  - 25% less carbon monoxide
  - 25% less nitrogen oxide
  - 32% less greenhouse gas emissions.
- Biodiesel
  - reduces *net* carbon dioxide production
  - virtually no sulfur.



# BioFuels Decrease Oil Reliance

- By reducing transportation fuel demand for oil significantly decrease oil imports.
- Additionally, E85 and B20-B100 significantly stretch the 'life' of a gallon of oil.
- Example: Ethanol = 85%, Gasoline = 15%  
A 25mpg Flex-Fuel car can go 100+ miles on one gallon of gasoline.



# SC E85 Consumption (gallons)

2004	2005	2006 <sub>est.</sub>
506,187	6,562,508	7,900,000



# SC B20 Consumption (gallons)

2004	2005	2006 <sub>est.</sub>
303,975	462,460	760,000



# Reduce Energy Costs

- Ethanol is less expensive than other fuel additives (eg. MTBE).
- Ethanol is usually less expensive than regular gasoline. Biodiesel consistently less expensive.
- Reduction in costs will be compounded once state production facilities online.
- Reduce flux in gasoline prices.
- Long-term will be far less expensive.



# Benefit to the Local Economy

- ✓ New biofuel production facilities = new jobs

Already have two facilities under construction  
equaling ~ 50 new jobs

- ✓ 'Spin-off' jobs for local economy

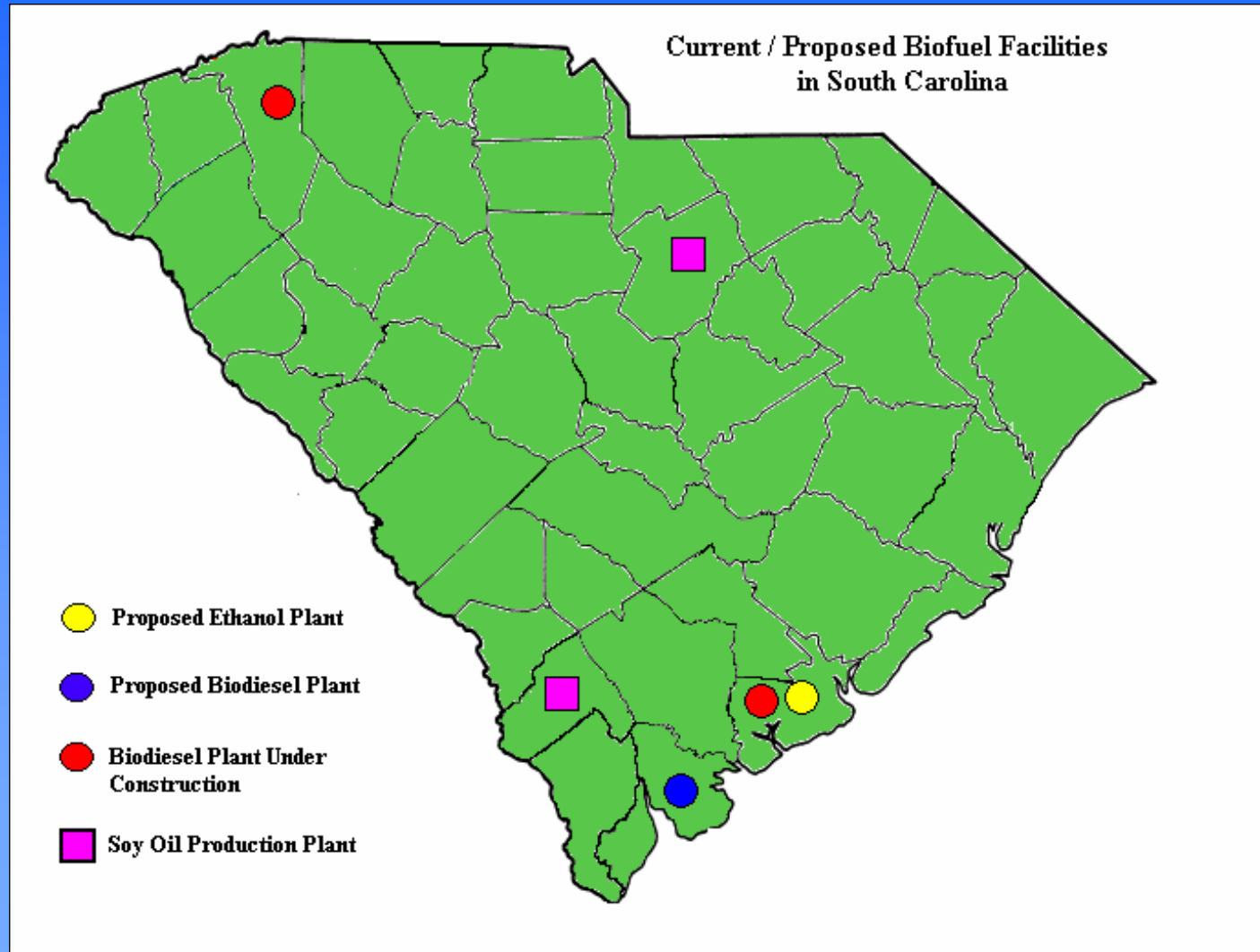
- ✓ Direct benefit to agricultural community

Sale of feedstock to production facility = more \$ for  
crop & new opportunities for marginal land





# Production in South Carolina





# Do I have a Flex-Fuel?

A complete list available on [www.E85fuel.com](http://www.E85fuel.com)

Auto Manufacturers include:

Daimler Chrysler

General Motors

Ford

Isuzu

Mazda

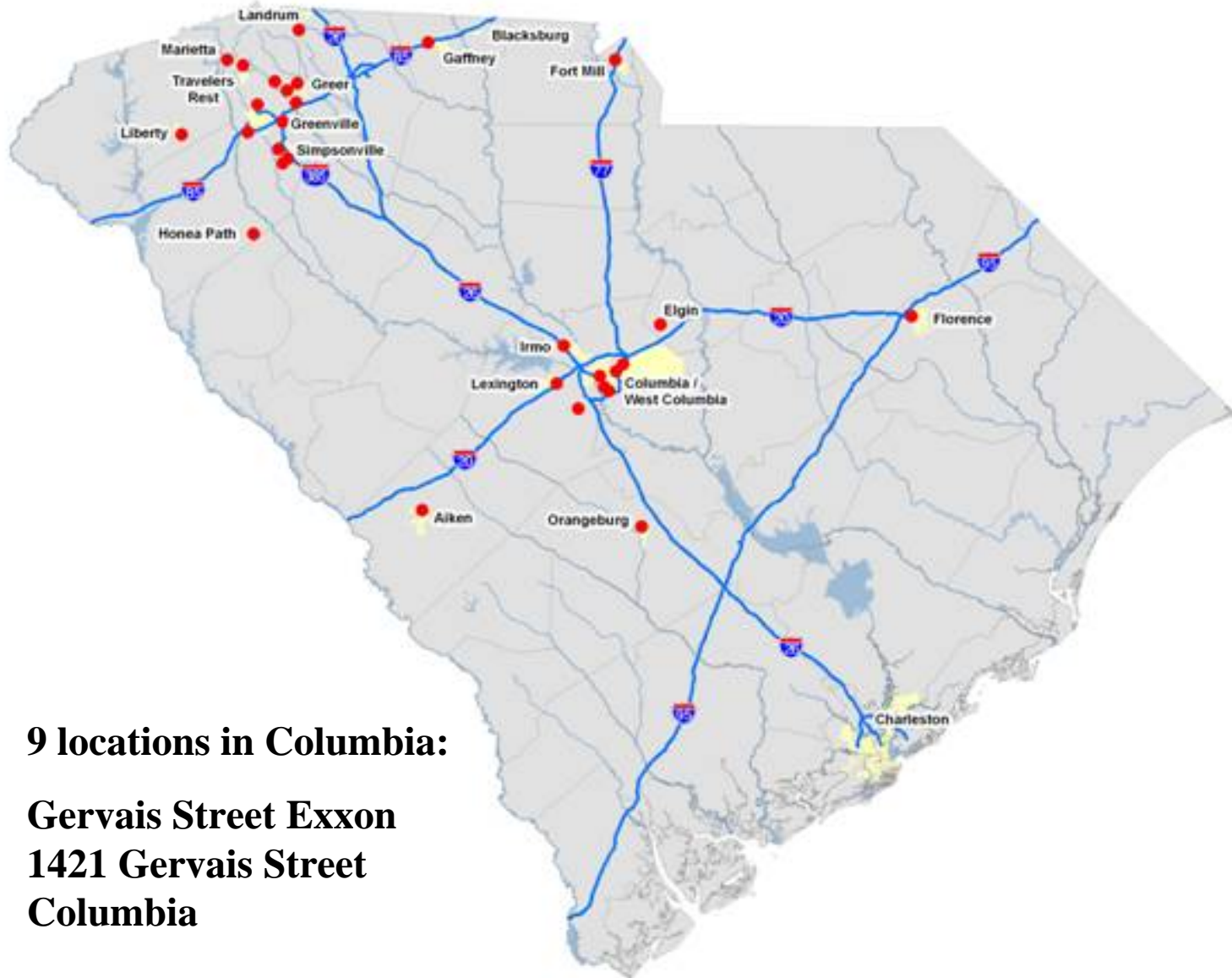
Mercedes

Mercury

Nissan

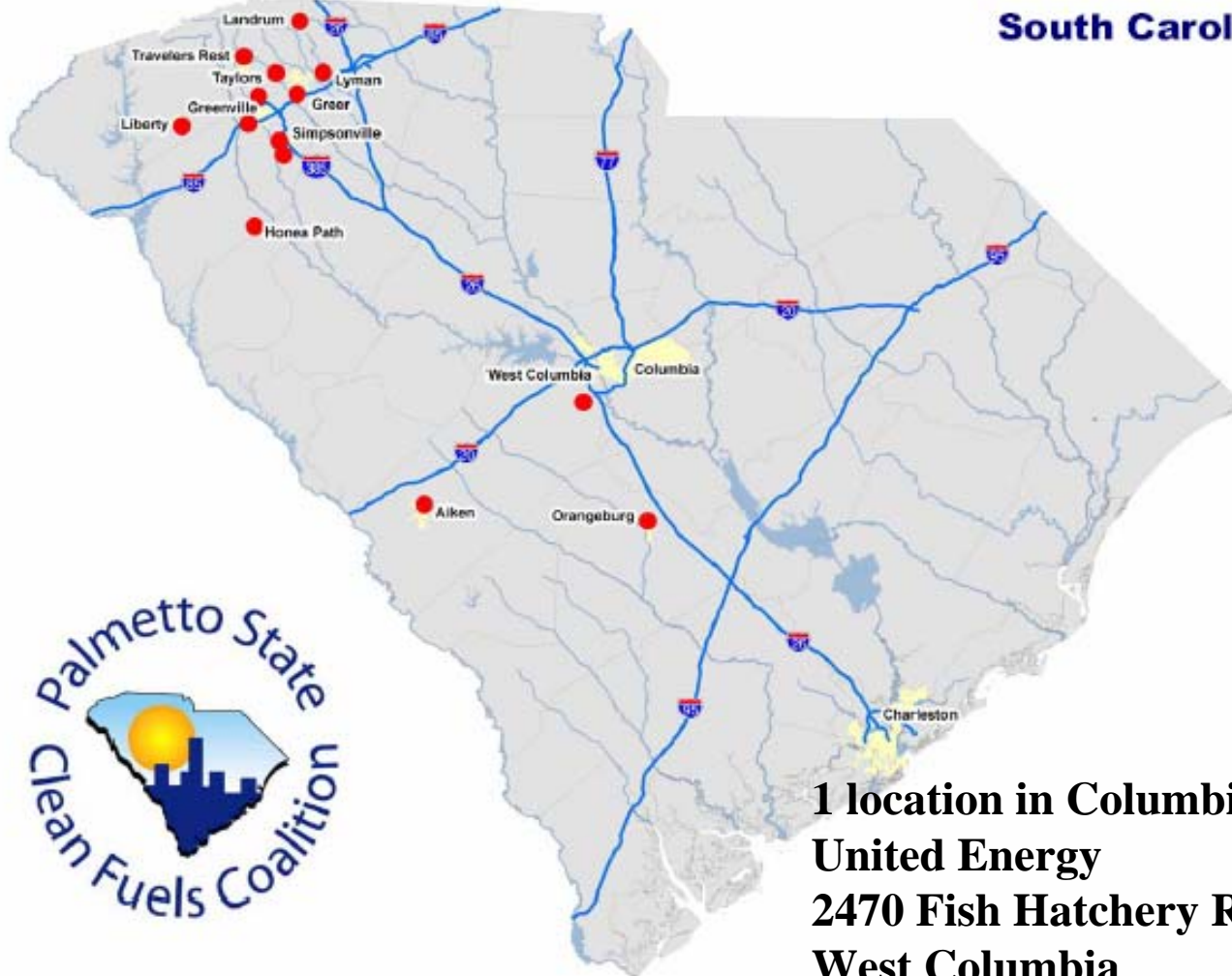


# E85 Locations



# B20 Locations

## Public B20 Sites South Carolina



**1 location in Columbia:**  
**United Energy**  
**2470 Fish Hatchery Road**  
**West Columbia**





# BioFuel Feedstocks

- Ethanol
  - Primarily made from corn alcohol
  - Can also be produced from sugar products (ex: sugar cane, sugar beets, etc.)
  - Can be made from fruits (ex: peaches, apples, plums, etc.)



# BioFuel Feedstocks

- Biodiesel
  - Primarily produced from soy oil
  - Can also be produced from waste grease (yellow grease, brown grease, pure vegetable oil, etc.)
  - Can also be produced from other oil plants (canola oil, flax oil, sunflower oil, etc.)



# Emerging Technologies

- Cellulosic Ethanol
  - Could make ethanol from corn stover, wood pulp, switchgrass, or any other biomass matter.
  - The process requires one additional step using an enzyme that would break apart cell wall.
  - Enzymes have been discovered and used in a commercial-scale facility.
  - Will be the most sustainable in the future – least emissions.





# Emerging Technologies

- Biodiesel from waste streams
  - Research into using human and animal waste to create biodiesel feedstock.
  - ‘Green’ diesel could be produced from ANY biomass including yard debris and used in stationary engines.
  - Biogasification produces biofuel as a bi-product of the process.





# Other Alternative Fuels

- Compressed Natural Gas (CNG)
- Hybrid
- Plug-in Hybrid
- Hydrogen



# Who is Promoting Alternative Fuels?

- State & Federal fleet management
- State & Federal legislators
- Researchers
- Advocacy groups
- Businesses/Banks



# Legislative Incentives

## South Carolina FY 2007 Tax Incentives:

- Alternative Energy Proviso in Budget Bill
  - \$300 sales tax rebate on FlexFuel Vehicles
  - \$300 sales tax rebate on Plug-In Hybrid
  - \$500 sales tax rebate to purchase equipment to convert a hybrid vehicle to plug-in hybrid
  - \$300 sales tax rebate on hydrogen fuel cell vehicles
  - \$.05 tax credit for each gallon of E85 sold
  - \$.05 tax credit for each gallon of B20 sold



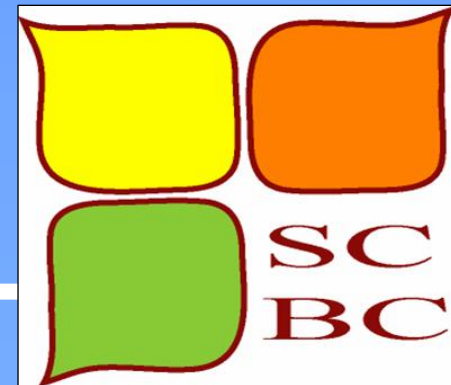
# Legislative Incentives

- S. 1245
  - \$.20 tax credit per gallon ethanol produced
  - \$.20 tax credit per gallon biodiesel produced
  - 25% of equipment costs to produce ethanol and biodiesel
  - 25% of equipment costs to dispense ethanol and biodiesel
- H.4312: state income tax credit on hybrid, fuel cell, alternative fuel, or lean burn vehicles of 20% of the credit received for federal income taxes.



# Publications

- *South Carolina Biomass Brief*
- *Biomass Energy Potential in South Carolina:  
A Conspectus of Relevant Information*
- *Availability of Yellow Grease in South  
Carolina*
- *A Survey of State Legislative Incentives for  
Alternative Transportation Fuel*
- Go to [www.scbiomass.org](http://www.scbiomass.org)





# Other Resources

## Palmetto State Clean Fuels Coalition

- [www.palmettocleanfuels.org](http://www.palmettocleanfuels.org)

## Governors Ethanol Coalition

- [www.ethanol-gec.org](http://www.ethanol-gec.org)

## Renewable Fuels Coalition

- [www.ethanolrfa.org](http://www.ethanolrfa.org)

## National Biodiesel Board

- [www.biodiesel.org](http://www.biodiesel.org)



# For More Information

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